

Hagia Sophia

Hagia Sophia wani masallaci ne a kasar Turkiya. An gina Hagia Sophia ne tun farko a matsayin cocin kimanin shekaru 1,500 baya. An fara mayar da gini masallaci ne tun bayan mamayar da Daular Usmaniyya ta yi wa yankin, amma tun daga shekarun 1930 ta koma gidan tarihin da ba na wani addini ba. Shugabannin addinin kirista sun ta sukar matakin shugaban kasar Turkiyya Recep Tayyip Erdogan, haka ma Tarayyar Turai da UNESCO ba su ji dadin matakin ba.

Hotuna



Zanennika na mutum mutumk



Detail of Deësis mosaic

Hagia Sophia



minor basilica, masallaci, museum, tourist attraction, secularized church, secularized mosque, masallaci

bangare na	Historic Areas of Istanbul
farawa	537
field of work	Byzantine art
native label	Αγία Σοφία, Ayasofya
named after	Holy Wisdom
founded by	Constantine the Great
culture	Daular Rumawa
kasa	Turkiyya
located in the administrative territorial entity	Fatih, Istanbul
coordinate location	41°0′31″N 28°58′48″E
addini	Orthodox Christianity, Musulunci
commissioned by	Justinian I
dedicated to	Holy Wisdom
architect	Isidore of Miletus, Anthemius of Tralles
architectural style	Byzantine architecture
date of official opening	1054
payment types accepted	cash, Müzekart
official website	https://muze.gen.tr/muze-detay/ayasofya
described at URL	https://www.thebyzantin



Wani mutum mutumi da aka nuna waliyi Saint John Chrysostom



Zane daga yan'uwa Fossati



Wani zanen ma daga yan'uwa Fossati



Wasu ginshikai da akayi su da karafa da duwatsu na alfarma

elegacy.com/hagia-sophia

category for the interior of the item

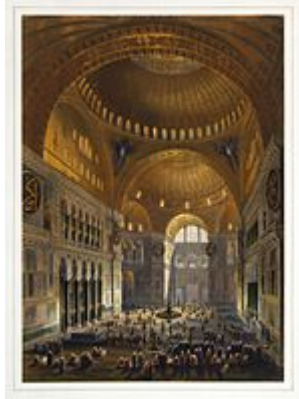
Category:Interior of Hagia Sophia



Zanen cikin Hagia Sophia daga yaskar maizan John Singer Sargent, 1891



Cikin Hagia Sophia, yana nuna Haghia Sofiya daga Adriaan kayaiyaki na Musulunci a Reland (1676–1718): babbar Hasumayar *Verhandeling van de godsdienst der Mahometaanen*, 1719



Hagia Sophia lokacin tana masallaci wanda maizane Gaspare Fossati da Louis Haghe suka zana a 1852.

Hoton cikin Hagia Sophia (*annotations*).



hoto a tsakanin shekarar 1900, lokacin yana matsayin masallaci.

Fuskar *Hexapterygon* (mala'ika mai fukafukai shids) daga kudu maso gabas (hagu ta sama), (*annotations*).



Kofar Sarki



19th-century marker of the tomb of Enrico Dandolo, the Doge of Venice who commanded the Sack of Constantinople in 1204, inside the Hagia Sophia



Ambigram
'*ΝΙΨΟΝΑΝΟΜΗΜΑΤΑΜΗΜΟΝ*
ΑΝΟΨΙΝ ("Wanke zunubanka,
ba iya fuskarka kawai ba")



Takardar aiyuka ta Hagia Sofia
daga Gwamnatin Turkiya

Daga "https://ha.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?title=Hagia_Sophia&oldid=60943"

Anyi gyaran karshe na wannan shafi a ranar 13 ga Yuli, 2020, da karfe 08:41.

An samar da mukaloli a karkashin lasisin Creative Commons Attribution-ShareAlike License; mai yiwuwa da kwai sauran sharudda. Ku duba Ka'idodin Amfani na Gidauniyar Wikimedia domin karin bayani.